

Merus

Pioneering Bispecific Antibodies

MARCH 12, 2019



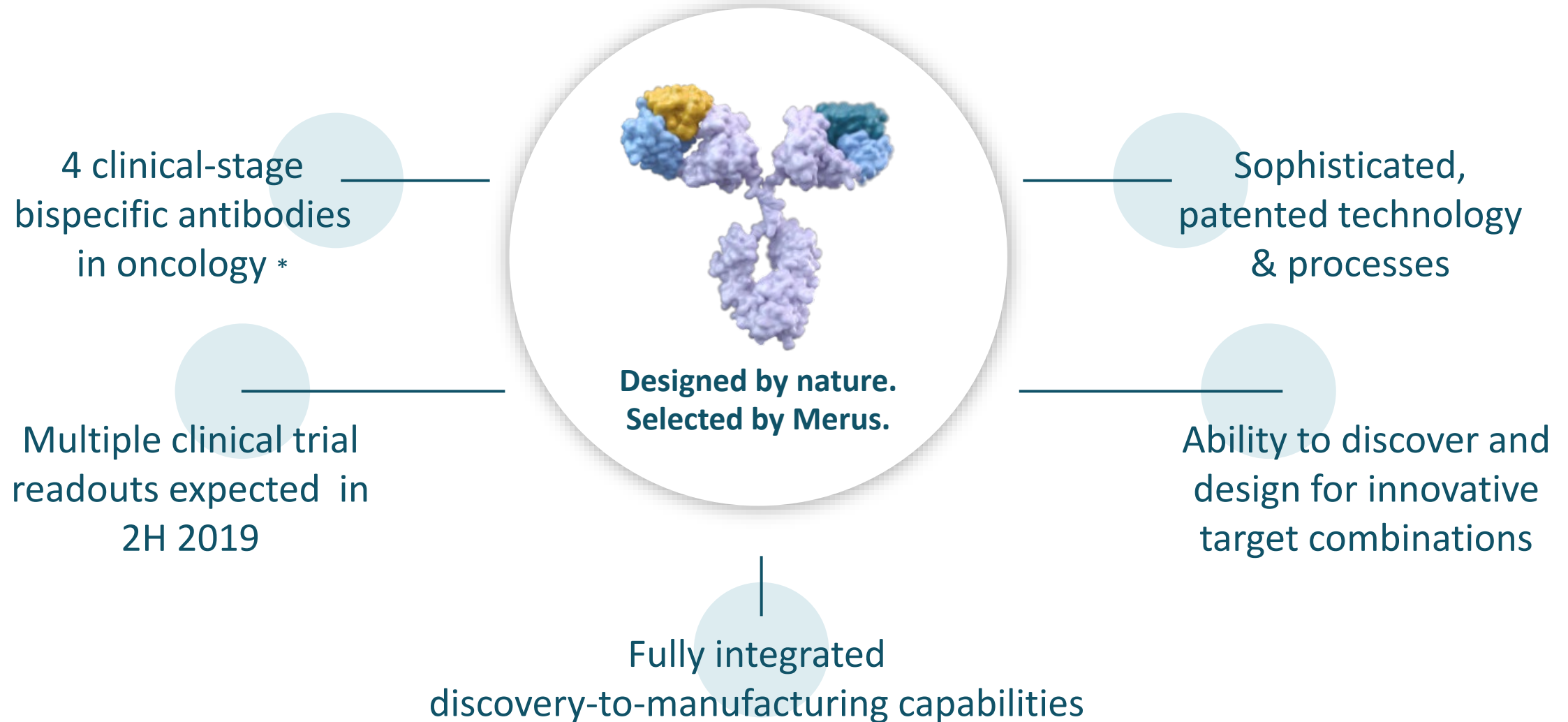
Disclaimer

This presentation (including any oral commentary that accompanies this presentation) contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements contained in this presentation that do not relate to matters of historical fact should be considered forward-looking statements, including without limitation statements regarding the impact our Biclonics® platform can have on cancer, our product candidates' potential to treat certain types of tumors, the timing of regulatory filings and the timing and anticipated data read outs or results from our clinical trials. These forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations. These statements are neither promises nor guarantees, but involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, the following: we have incurred significant losses, are not currently profitable and may never become profitable; our need for additional funding, which may not be available and which may require us to restrict our operations or require us to relinquish rights to our technologies or bispecific antibody candidates; potential delays in regulatory approval, which would impact our ability to commercialize our product candidates and affect our ability to generate revenue; the unproven approach to therapeutic intervention of our Biclonics® technology; our limited operating history; economic, political, regulatory and other risks involved with international operations; the lengthy and expensive process of clinical drug development, which has an uncertain outcome; the unpredictable nature of our

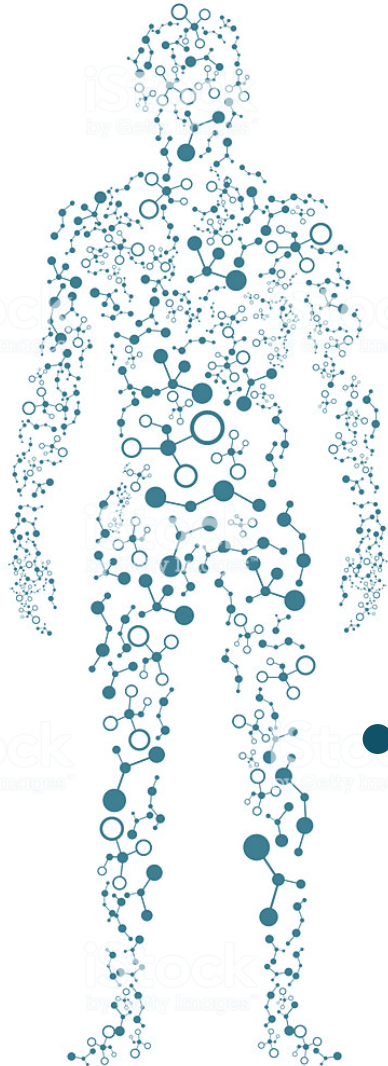
early stage development efforts for marketable drugs; potential adverse public reaction to the use of cancer immunotherapies; potential delays in enrollment of patients, which could affect the receipt of necessary regulatory approvals; failure to obtain marketing approval internationally; failure to compete successfully against other drug companies; potential competition from other drug companies if we fail to obtain orphan drug designation or maintain orphan drug exclusivity for our products; our reliance on third parties to conduct our clinical trials and the potential for those third parties to not perform satisfactorily; our reliance on third parties to manufacture our product candidates, which may delay, prevent or impair our development and commercialization efforts; protection of our proprietary technology; our patents being found invalid or unenforceable; potential lawsuits for infringement of third-party intellectual property; our ability to attract and retain key personnel; managing our growth could result in difficulties; and we may lose our foreign private issuer status and incur significant expenses as a result.

These and other important factors discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, on April 30, 2018, and our other reports filed with the SEC, could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements made in this presentation. Any such forward-looking statements represent management's estimates as of the date of this presentation. While we may elect to update such forward-looking statements at some point in the future, we disclaim any obligation to do so, even if subsequent events cause our views to change.

Merus: Pioneering Bispecific Antibodies Since 2006



The Next Wave of Antibodies in Cancer Treatment



MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES

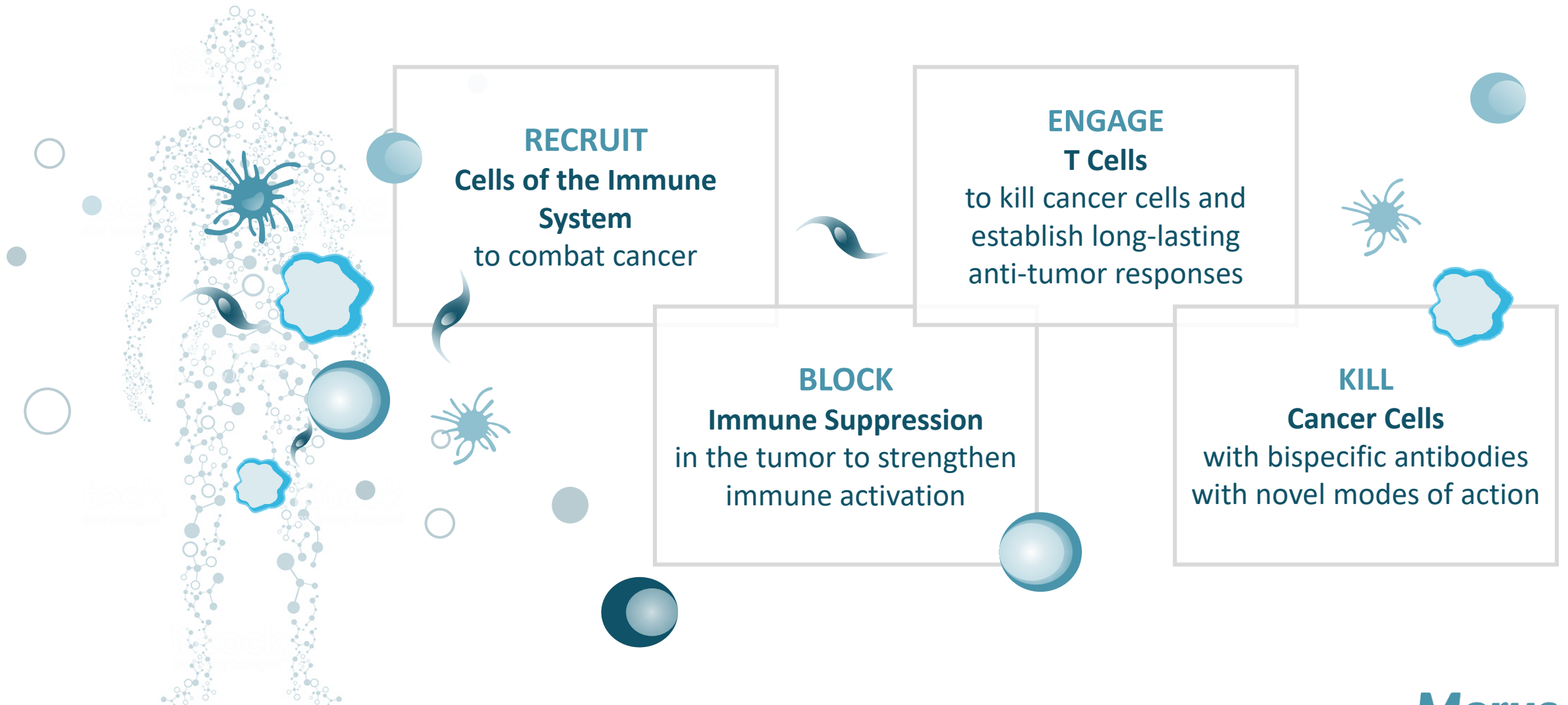
Game-changing impact,
but limited success
combining multiple
mAbs for greater
efficacy

BISPECIFIC ANTIBODIES

Offering novel modes
of action and new
biology

High Potential for
Cancer Immunotherapy
and More

The Promise of Bispecific Antibodies



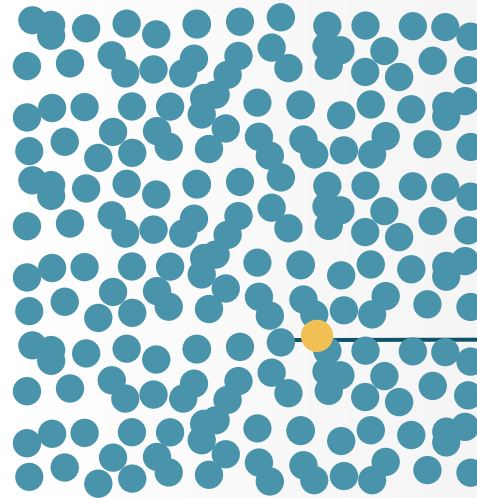
Biclomics® — Designed by Nature. Selected by Merus.

HUMAN ANTIBODY GENERATION



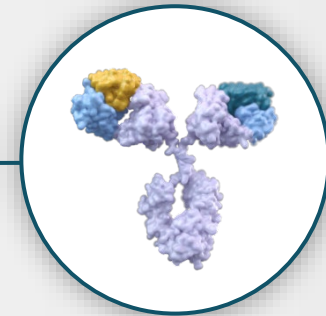
MeMo®
Transgenic Mouse

BICLONICS® Merus' Bispecific Antibody Format

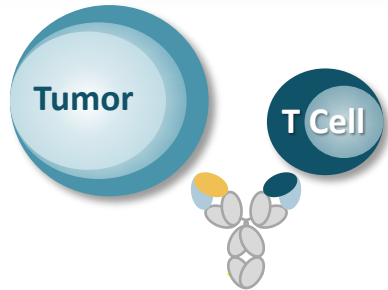


Creation of up to
1,000 Biclonics® against
any target pair of choice

We use functional screening to identify
Biclonics® with the **right** activity and profile



Our Optimal Target Pairs Have First or Best in Class Potential

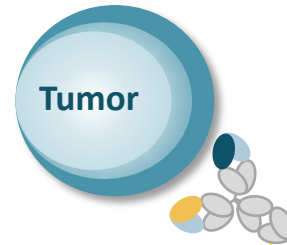


ENGAGE AND KILL

MCLA-117

CLEC12A x CD3

To highly control T cell activation



KILL TUMOR CELLS

MCLA-158

Lgr5 x EGFR

To prevent tumor formation

MCLA-128

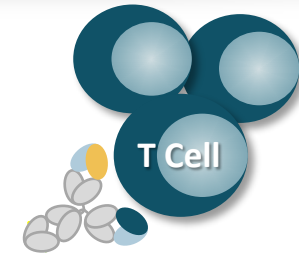
HER3 x HER2

To prevent tumor growth / escape

MCLA-129

EGFR x c-MET

To inhibit tumor growth / survival



TUMOR T CELL REVIVAL

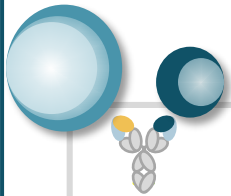
MCLA-145

CD-137 x PD-L1

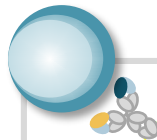
To supercharge T cells inside tumor

Our Development Strategy

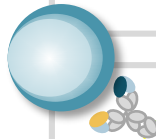
FOCUS ON WHOLLY-OWNED Programs with Rights Retention



MCLA-117
CLEC12A x CD3



MCLA-158
Lgr5 x EGFR



MCLA-128
HER3 x HER2

COLLABORATE SELECTIVELY to Efficiently Unlock Value



MCLA-145
CD-137 x PD-L1



For Non U.S.

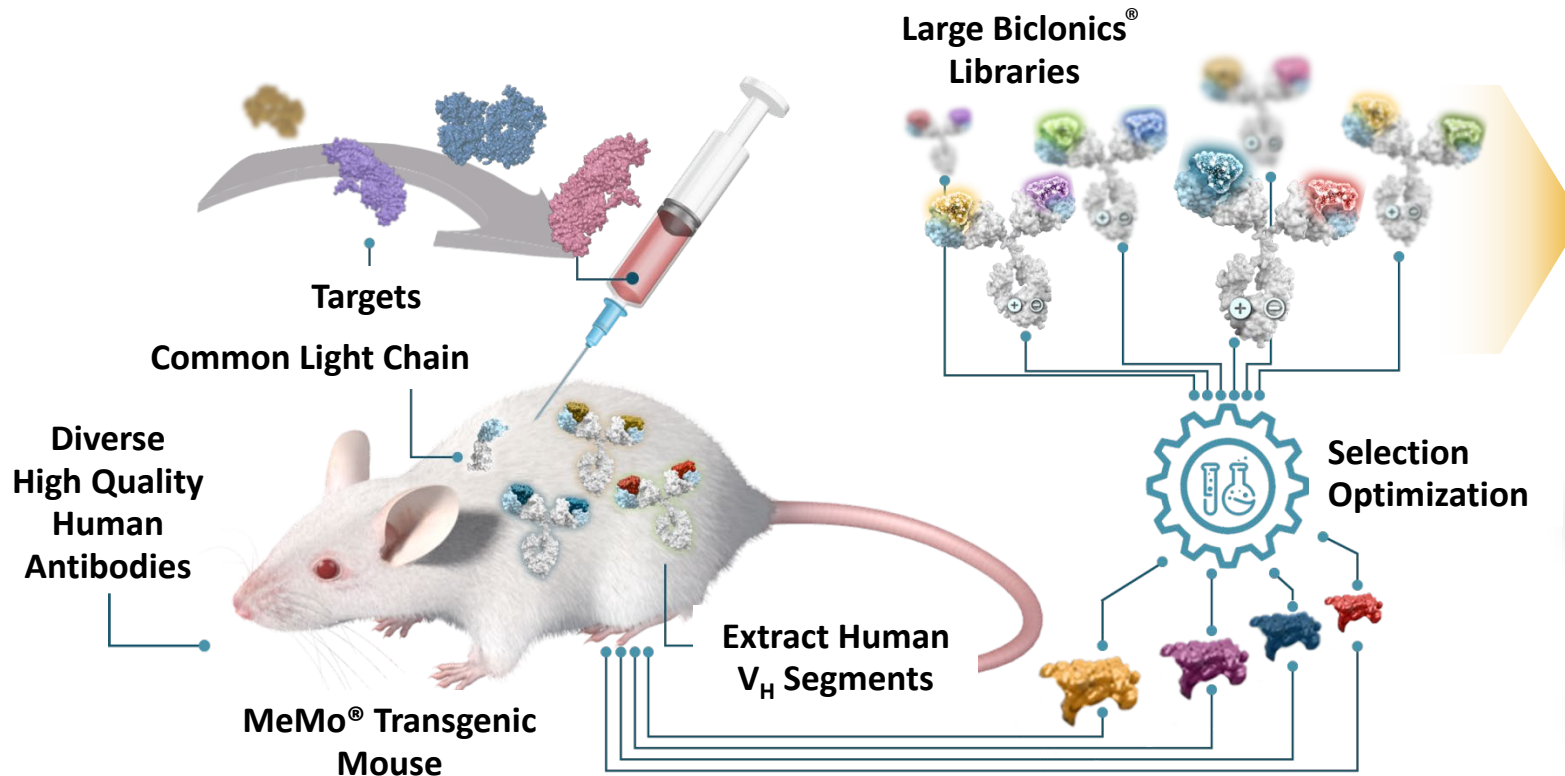


MCLA-129
EGFR x c-MET



For China

Our Proprietary Biclonics® Platform Is the Foundation of a Robust Pipeline






FUNCTIONAL SCREENING
for discovery of innovative target combinations with novel biology



IgG FORMAT
for efficient manufacturing and predictable in vivo behavior

Tested in 150+ patients

Over 10,000 Biclonics® created

Leading Clinical Pipeline with Multiple 2019 Milestones

WHOLLY-OWNED	TARGETS	INDICATION / DRUG COMBINATION	PRE-IND	PHASE 1	PHASE 2
MCLA-128	HER3 x HER2	Solid tumors (monotherapy)*			
		Metastatic Breast (2 cohorts)			2H 2019
MCLA-117	CLEC12A x CD3	Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML)		2H 2019	
MCLA-158	Lgr5 x EGFR	Solid tumors		YE 2019	
COLLABORATIONS					
MCLA-145	CD137 x PD-L1	Solid tumors  (Non- U.S.)		Q2 2019	
MCLA-129	EGFR x c-MET	Solid tumors  (China)			
....	Undisclosed	Autoimmune disease 			

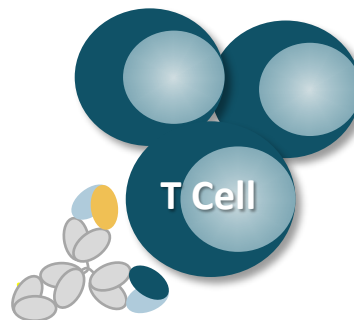
 = Expected data read out or trial update
 = Expected timing of first patient dosed

MCLA-145 – CD137 x PD-L1

Potent triple action designed to recruit and activate T cells and prevent their exhaustion for patients with solid tumors

CD137

Activate immune effector cells in context of tumor microenvironment



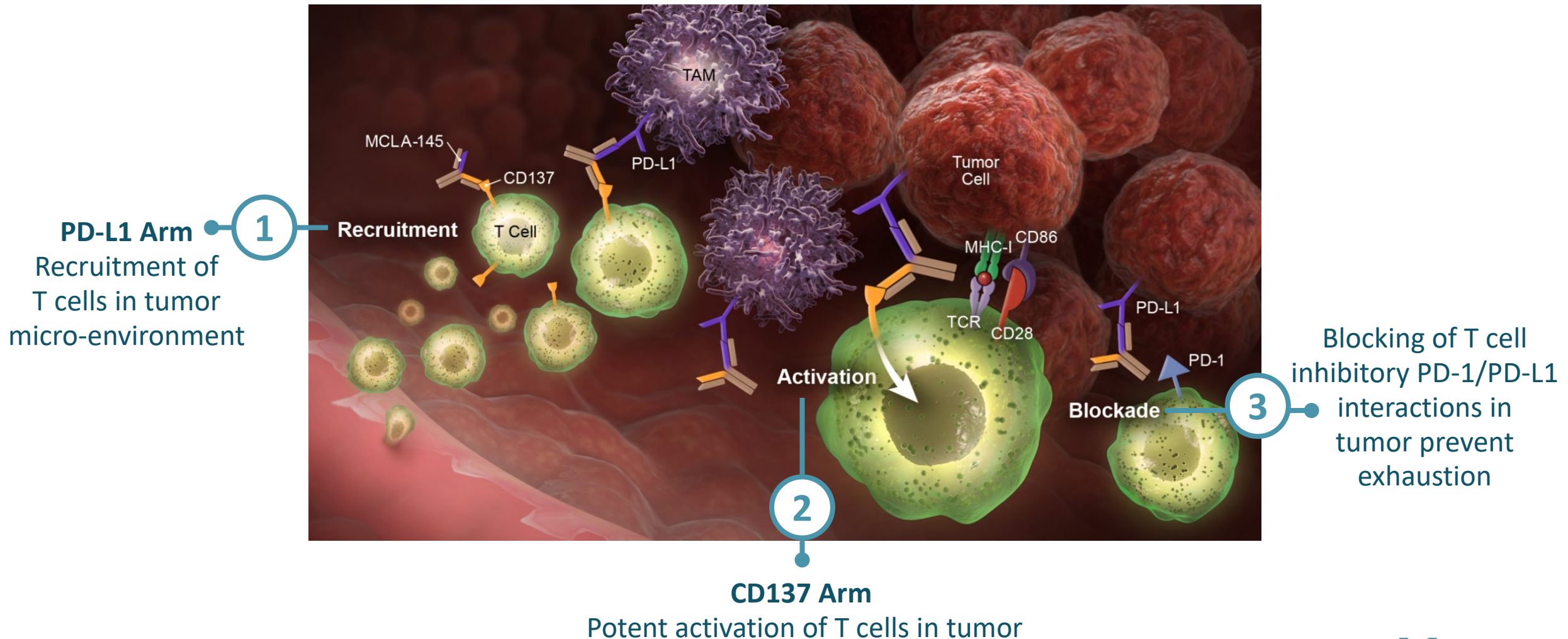
TUMOR T CELL REVIVAL

PD-L1

Attract T cells in the tumor and block inhibitory signals

Phase 1 Trial Initiation Expected Q2 2019

MCLA-145 – Triple Activity by a Single Biclomics®

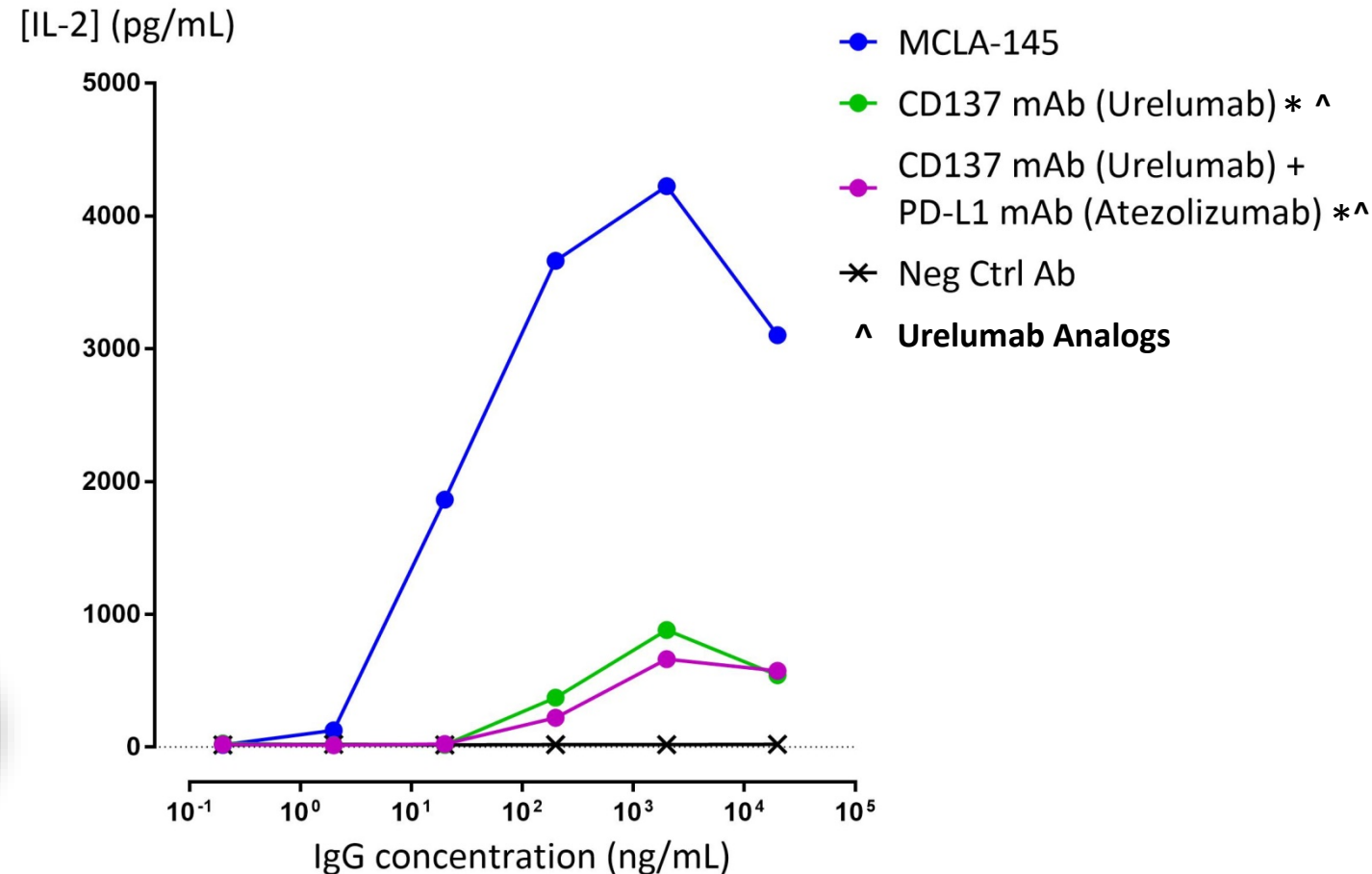


MCLA-145 – Demonstrated Potent T Cell Activation

- Binds with high affinity and specificity to PD-L1 and CD137 in patient derived cells
- MCLA-145 preclinical work demonstrates potent T cell activation
- Potential to overcome the known side effects of CD137 agonists currently in development

MCLA-145 preclinical data to be presented at AACR March 31, 2019

PRIMARY T CELL TRANSACTIVATION ASSAY



MCLA-145 – Phase 1 Trial Expected to Start Q2 2019

	TARGETS	INDICATION / DRUG COMBINATION	PRE-IND	PHASE 1	PHASE 2
MCLA-145	CD137 x PD-L1	Solid tumors		Q2 2019	

DESIGN	ENDPOINTS	STATUS
Global open-label, multicenter dose escalation w/ dose expansion phase <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patients with advanced solid tumors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary endpoint: safety and tolerability Secondary endpoint: single-agent preliminary efficacy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> IND cleared January 2019 Clinical trial anticipated start Q2 2019

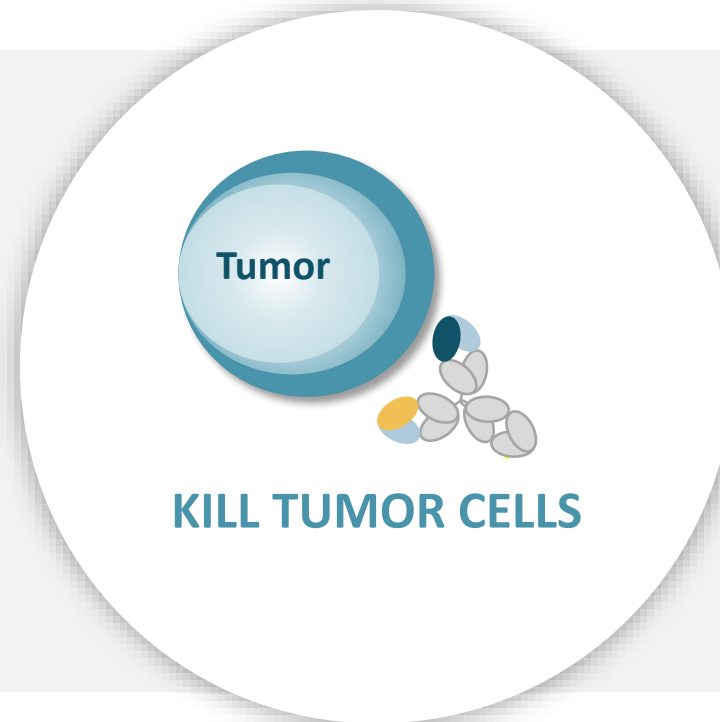
MCLA-158 – Lgr5 x EGFR

Potential to be first colorectal cancer treatment to block growth of tumors with Ras mutations (~50% of patients), a high unmet need

Lgr5

Expressed by intestinal cancer initiating cells

Identified through Merus functional screening and organoid discovery methods



EGFR

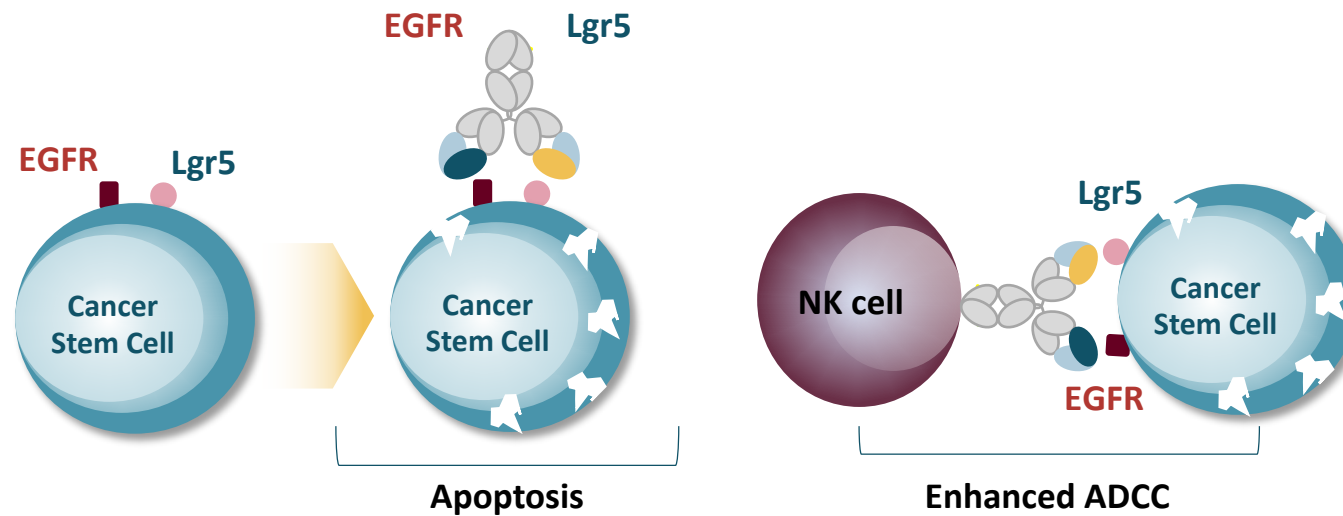
Blocks growth in Wnt dysregulated tumors including KRAS^{mut}

Preclinical data shows higher potency than Cetuximab

Emerging Phase 1 data expected end of 2019

MCLA-158 – Differentiated Target and MOA

MCLA-158 Mechanism of Action



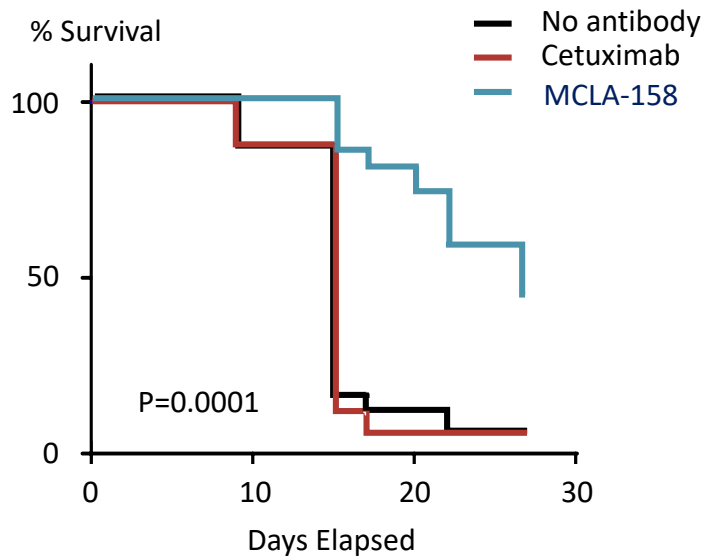
- MCLA-158 designed to eliminate cancer initiating cells that cause growth and metastasis
- Lgr5+ cells are the origin of gastrointestinal cancer
- EGFR x Lgr5 induces apoptosis, potently blocks EGFR signaling in Wnt dysregulated solid tumors

MCLA-158 – Key Preclinical Results in Colorectal Cancer (CRC)

Demonstrated Superior Growth Inhibition, Tolerability and Selectivity of Tumor vs. Healthy Tissue

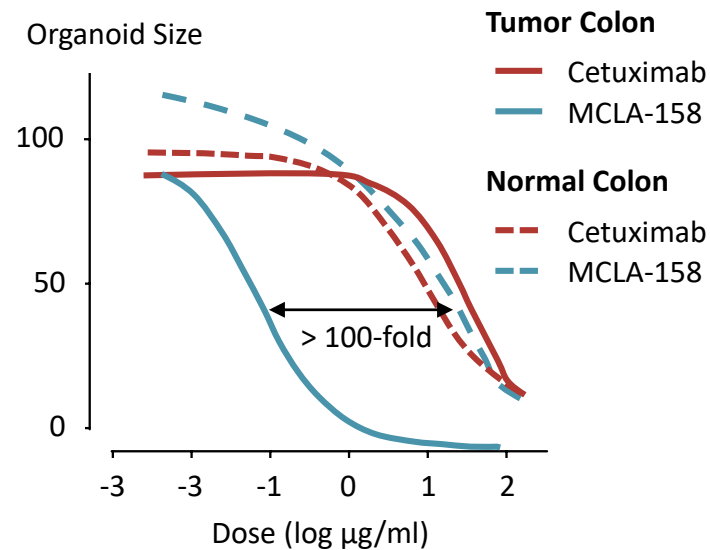
INHIBITION OF ORGANOID GROWTH

Superior **ACTIVITY**



KILLING OF ORGANIDS FROM TUMOR AND HEALTH TISSUE

Superior **SELECTIVITY**



Superior **TOLERABILITY**

No skin rash in cynomolgus monkeys



MCLA-158 – Phase 1 Trial

	TARGETS	INDICATION / DRUG COMBINATION	PRE-IND	PHASE 1	PHASE 2
MCLA-158	Lgr5 x EGFR	Solid tumors			YE 2019

DESIGN	ENDPOINTS	STATUS
Global open-label, multicenter dose escalation w/ safety dose expansion phase <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patients with solid tumors Initial focus on metastatic colorectal cancer 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary endpoint: safety and tolerability of defined dose Secondary endpoint: single-agent preliminary anti-tumor activity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> On track Emerging data expected YE 2019

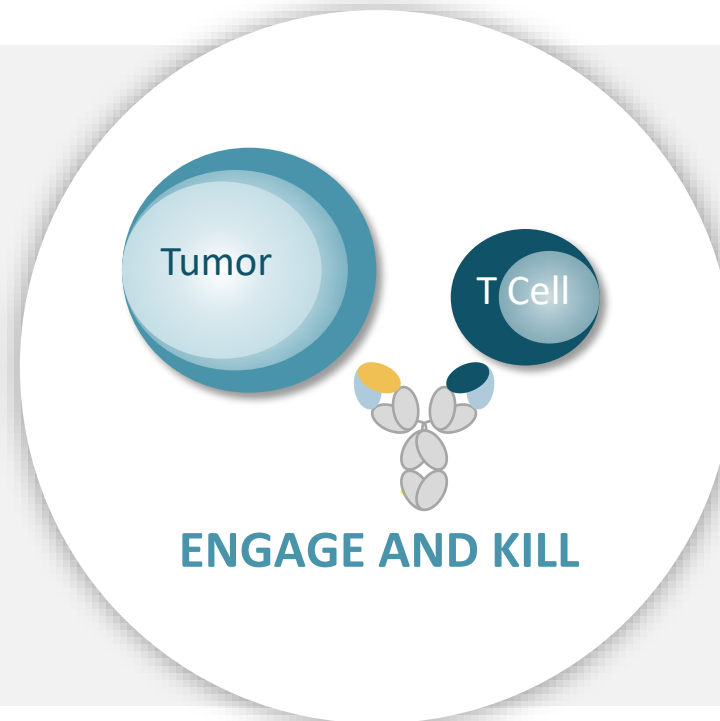
MCLA-117 – Harnessing the Killing Power of T Lymphocytes

MCLA-117 efficiently activates and redirects T cells to kill CLEC12A-expressing AML (stem) cells

CLEC12A

Expressed by tumor (stem) cells in
~ 90-95% of AML patients

Expression restricted to
hematopoietic system =
less off-tumor toxicity



CD3

Low affinity CD3 arm and
silenced Fc for controlled T cell
activation to avoid toxicity and
off-target effects

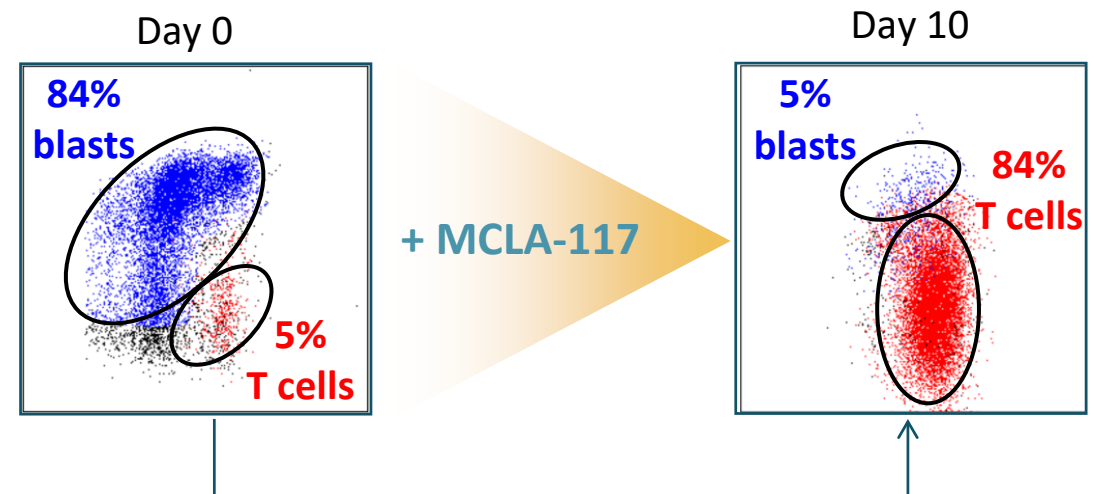
Balanced strategy for
activity and safety

Preliminary anti-tumor activity observed
Data readout expected 2H 2019

MCLA-117 –Demonstrated Controlled, Potent Activation of T Cells in Preclinical Studies

- MCLA-117 efficiently activates and redirects T cells to kill CLEC12A-expressing AML(stem) cells
- Designed to spare the formation of platelets and red blood cells during therapy
- Active across AML patient subpopulations

MCLA-117 MEDIATED ACTIVATION OF T CELLS AND KILLING OF TUMOR CELLS



>60-fold T Cell Expansion
>90% AML Tumor Cell Killing

MCLA-117 – Phase 1 Trial

	TARGETS	INDICATION / DRUG COMBINATION	PRE-IND	PHASE 1	PHASE 2
MCLA-117	CLEC12A x CD3	Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML)			2H 2019

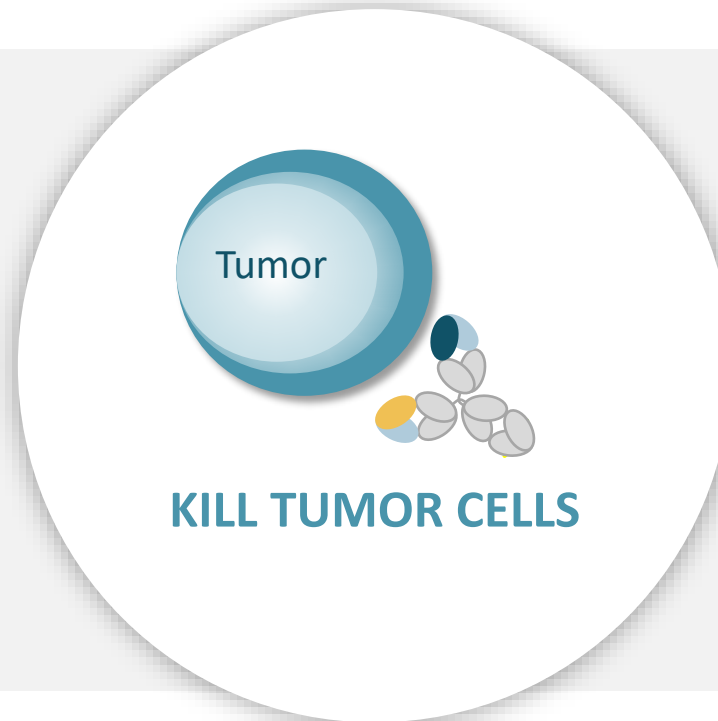
DESIGN	ENDPOINTS	STATUS
<p>Single-arm, open-label, dose escalation w/ safety dose expansion</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Up to 50 patients with relapsed / refractory AML 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary Endpoints: safety, tolerability Secondary Endpoints: PK/PD, anti-tumor response, clinical benefit 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ongoing in Europe and the U.S., with several additional trial sites opened end of 2018 Preliminary anti-tumor activity has been observed Data expected 2H 2019

MCLA-128 – HER3 x HER2

**Unique DOCK & BLOCK® approach potently inhibits tumor cell growth and survival;
In clinic for multiple solid tumor indications**

Block HER3

Blocks signaling even in high heregulin stress environments



Dock HER2

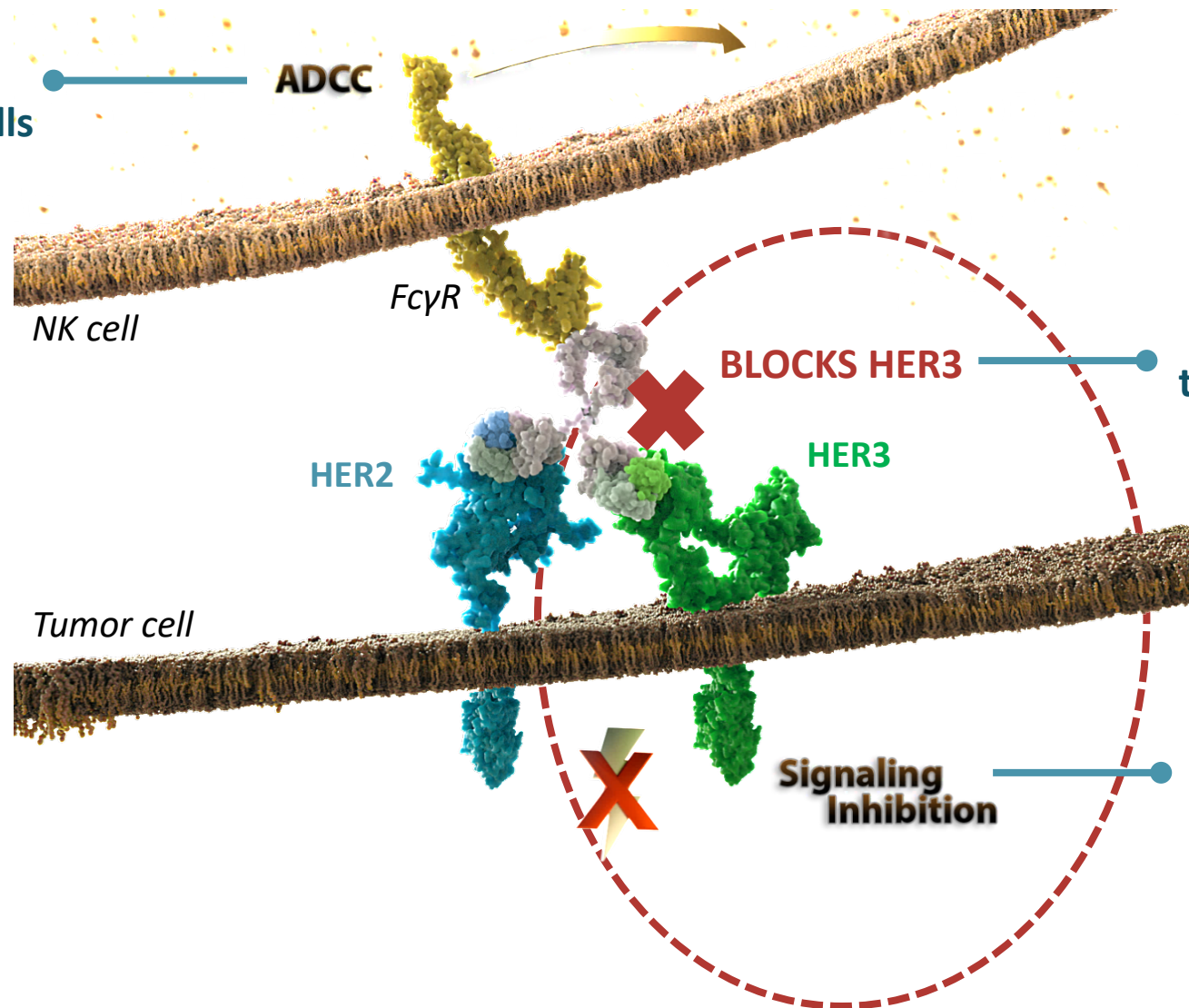
Docks to HER2 abundantly expressed on tumor cells to access HER3

Combinations with HER2 targeted therapies possible

Metastatic Breast Cohort Phase 2 Trial Update Expected 2H 2019

MCLA-128 – Potently Inhibiting the HER3 Signaling Pathway, a Known Driver of Tumor Growth and Survival

Enhanced ADCC for efficient recruitment of immune killer cells

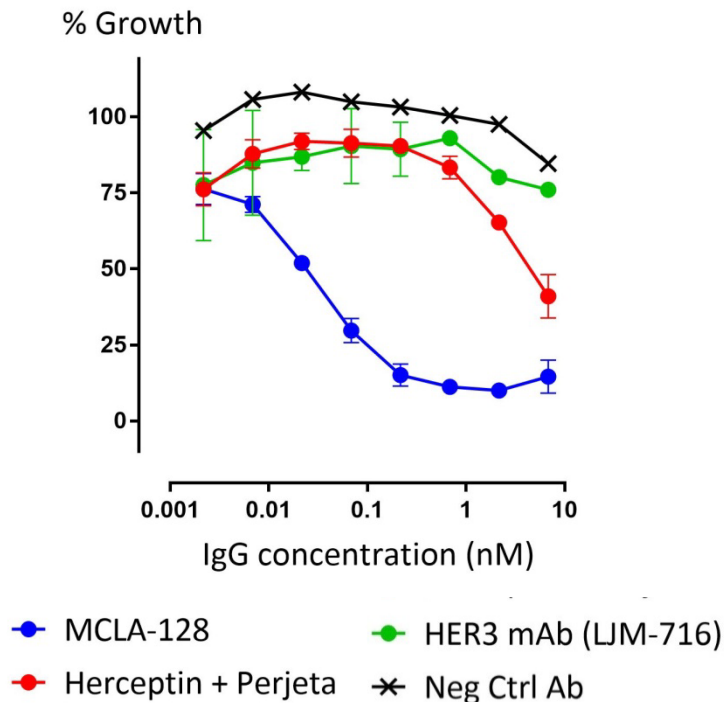


MCLA-128 – Potently Inhibits Heregulin-Driven Growth


PUBLISHED MAY 2018



SUPERIOR ACTIVITY SHOWN PRECLINICAL DATA



SAFETY AND TOLERABILITY DEMONSTRATED IN PHASE 1/2 TRIAL


MCLA-128 Dosing: 750 mg q3w

97 PATIENTS EVALUATED

- Single agent well tolerated
- Low risk for immunogenicity

MCLA-128 – Phase 1/2 in Solid Tumors, Phase 2 in Combo MBC

WHOLLY-OWNED	TARGETS	INDICATION / DRUG COMBINATION	PRE-IND	PHASE 1	PHASE 2
MCLA-128	HER3 x HER2	Solid tumors (monotherapy)*			
		Metastatic Breast (2 cohorts)			2H 2019

DESIGN		ENDPOINTS	STATUS
Solid Tumors (Monotherapy)	Phase 1/2 Study Phase 1 : dose escalation Phase 2 : exploration in multiple solid tumor cohorts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Safety, preliminary anti-tumor activity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Well tolerated Clinical POC established in MBC Clinical POC established in Gastric Study ongoing in other solid tumors
Metastatic Breast Cancer (MBC)	Phase 2 Study in combination with 2 cohorts in MBC Cohort1: HER2+ (MCLA-128 + Herceptin + Chemo) Cohort2: ER+/HER2 ^{low} (MCLA-128 + Hormone Therapy) Size: up to 120 patients in U.S. and Europe Dose: 750mg every 3 weeks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clinical benefit at 24 weeks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trial update 2H 2019

Leading Collaborators Increasing Biclonics® Reach



Collaborator Focus On

Ex U.S. Development



Formed December 2016

Potential to develop and commercialize
≤11 bispecific and monospecific antibodies
from the Merus Biclonics® platform

Merus retains MCLA-145 U.S. rights



Collaborator Focus On

China Development



MCLA-129

EGFR x c-MET for solid tumors



3 programs in
Immuno-oncology

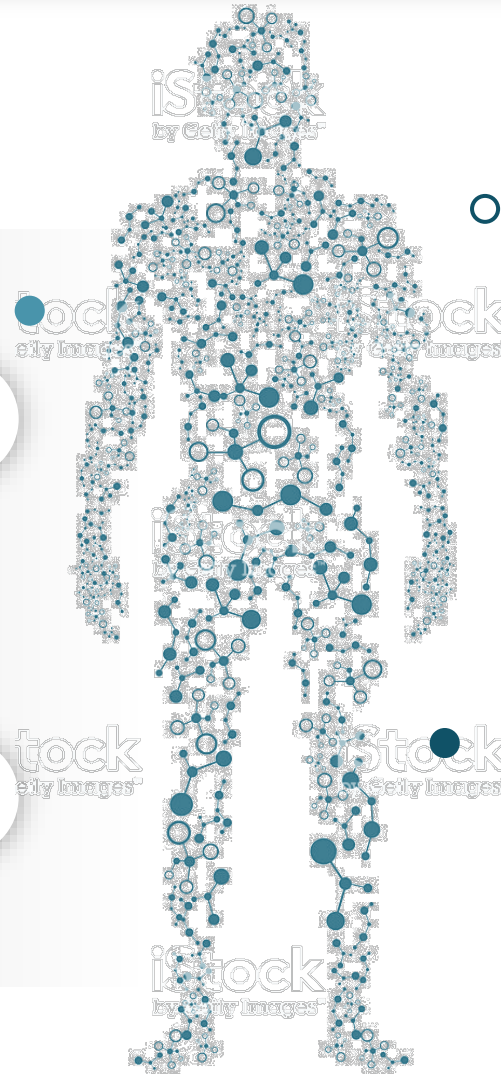
Part of larger China platform strategy:
Efficient, cost effective approach to unlock additional pipeline
candidates and platform value

Merus retains Rest-of-World rights

Expanding Biclonics® Platform

Cancer

Next-Gen Tech



Autoimmune Disease

 ONO PHARMACEUTICAL CO.,LTD.

Exploring new formats,
designs and targets

Strong Intellectual Property Positioning

EXTENSIVE IP ESTATE

- Breadth: Platform and Pipeline
- Depth: Discovery to Manufacturing

PATENTED BICLONICS® PLATFORM from Discovery to Clinic

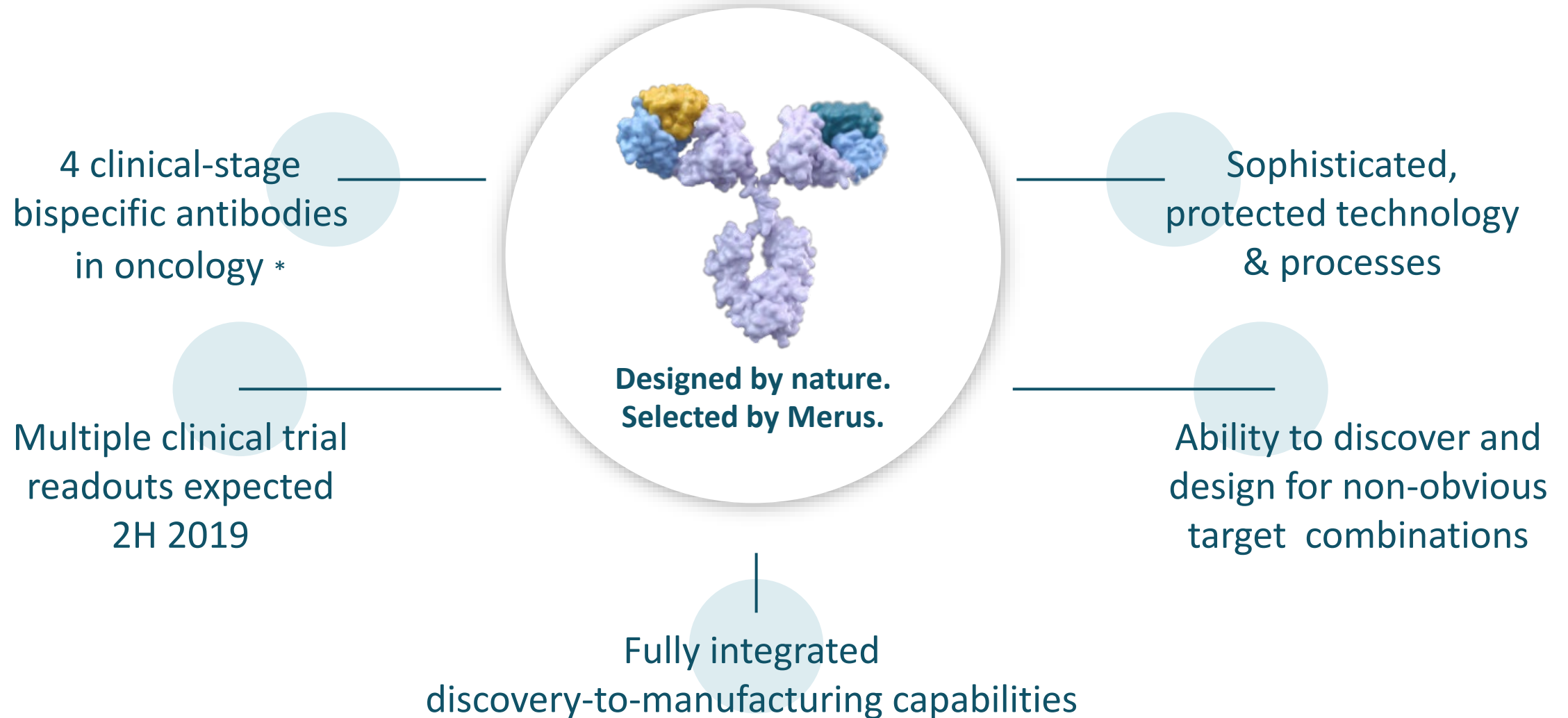
- Patented MeMo® transgenic common light chain mouse for bispecific-ready antibody generation
- Spleen to Screen® patented technology for high throughput screening of antibodies
- Heterodimerization patented technology for efficient bispecific production
- Patented T Cell Engaging Technology through Binding CD3 and CLEC12a

Uniquely positioned to develop innovative bispecific antibody therapeutics

Multiple 2019 Milestones



Merus: Pioneering Bispecific Antibodies Since 2006



Merus

Pioneering Bispecific Antibodies

Designed by nature. Selected by Merus.

