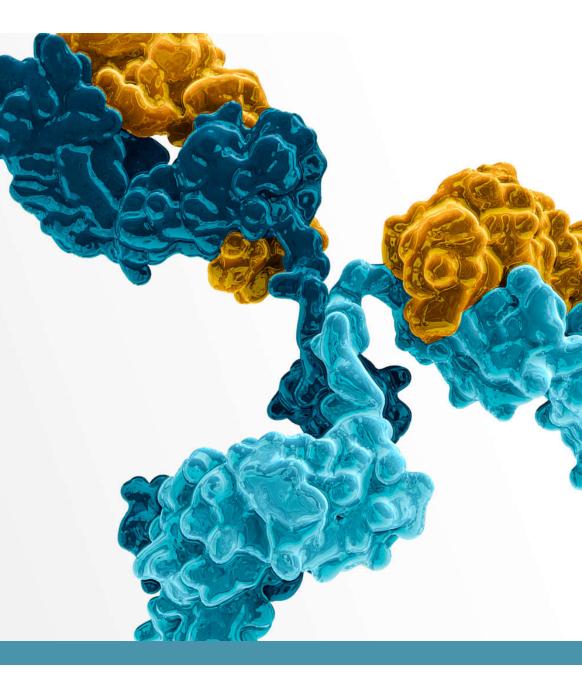
Merus

Closing In On Cancer

June 2020



Disclaimer

This presentation (including any oral commentary that accompanies this presentation) contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements contained in this presentation that do not relate to matters of historical fact should be considered forward-looking statements, including without limitation statements regarding the impact our Biclonics® platform can have on cancer, our product candidates' potential to treat certain types of tumors, the timing of regulatory filings and the timing and anticipated data read outs or results from our clinical trials and our collaborations. These forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations. These statements are neither promises nor guarantees, but involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, the following: we have incurred significant losses, are not currently profitable and may never become profitable; our need for additional funding, which may not be available and which may require us to restrict out operations or require us to relinquish rights to our technologies or bispecific antibody candidates; potential delays in regulatory approval and impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, which would impact our ability to commercialize our product candidates and affect our ability to generate revenue; the unproven approach to therapeutic intervention of our Biclonics[®], and Triclonics[™] technology; our limited operating history; economic, political, regulatory and other risks involved with international operations; the lengthy and expensive process of clinical drug development, which has an uncertain outcome; the unpredictable nature of our early stage development efforts for

marketable drugs; potential adverse public reaction to the use of cancer immunotherapies; potential delays in enrollment of patients, which could affect the receipt of necessary regulatory approvals; failure to obtain marketing approval internationally; failure to compete successfully against other drug companies; potential competition from other drug companies if we fail to obtain orphan drug designation or maintain orphan drug exclusivity for our products; our reliance on third parties to conduct our clinical trials and the potential for those third parties to not perform satisfactorily; our reliance on third parties to manufacture our product candidates, which may delay, prevent or impair our development and commercialization efforts; protection of our proprietary technology; our patents being found invalid or unenforceable; potential lawsuits for infringement of third-party intellectual property; our ability to attract and retain key personnel; managing our growth could result in difficulties; and we may lose our foreign private issuer status and incur significant expenses as a result.

These and other important factors discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" in our in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2020 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, on May 11, 2020, and our other reports filed with the SEC, could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements made in this presentation. Any such forward-looking statements represent management's estimates as of the date of this presentation. While we may elect to update such forward-looking statements at some point in the future, we disclaim any obligation to do so, even if subsequent events cause our views to change.



Merus Multiclonics®

Bispecific and Trispecific Cancer Therapeutic Candidates in Human Monoclonal Antibody Format



- Large-scale screening to select from up to 1,000s of candidates
 - Potential to identify best and new biological combinations
- Fully human IgG format allows for:
 - Ease of manufacturing
 - Low immunogenicity risk
 - Predictable in vivo behavior
 - Improved half life
 - Potential for ADCC enhancement and Fc silencing
- Robust IP portfolio: patents covering Multiclonics[®] technology, including common light chain antibody generation and dimerization by charge engineering



Merus Clinical Pipeline

PROGRAM	BISPECIFIC TARGETS	INDICATION(S)	PRECLINICAL	PHASE 1	PHASE 1/2	STATUS
Zenocutuzumab (Zeno) (MCLA-128)	HER3 x HER2	NRG-1 fusion Pancreatic NRG-1 fusion Lung NRG-1 fusion Other solid tumors				Phase 1/2 trial ongoing Update expected by the end of 2020
MCLA-158	Lgr5 x EGFR	Solid tumors				Phase 1 Trial Ongoing
MCLA-145	CD137 x PD-L1	Solid tumors	(Incyte) (ex-U.S.)			Phase 1 Trial Ongoing
MCLA-129	EGFR x c-MET	Solid tumors	(China)			IND Enabling Studies Ongoing
ONO-4685*	PD-1 x CD3	Autoimmune disease	000			Phase 1 Trial Ongoing
*	Undisclosed	Autoimmune disease	000			

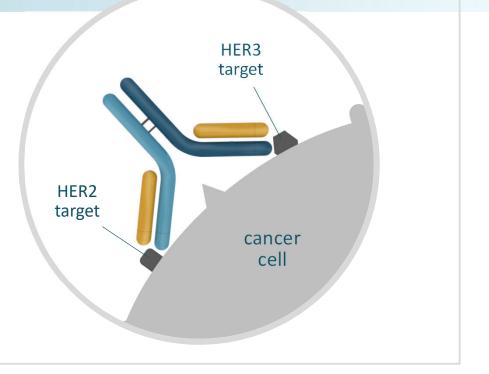


Promising early clinical activity in patients with NRG1+ cancers

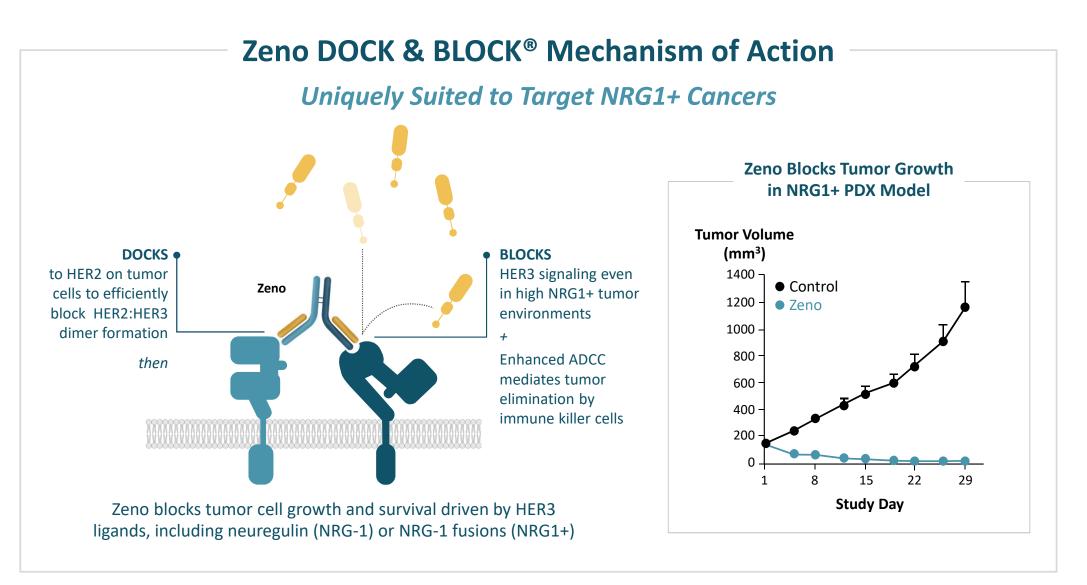
Zenocutuzumab

MCLA-128 or "Zeno" HER2 x HER3 bispecific

- NRG-1 fusions (NRG1+) are rare genetic events occurring in lung, pancreatic and other solid tumors
- Unique DOCK & BLOCK[®] mechanism of Zeno potently inhibits NRG1-driven tumor growth
- Enhanced ADCC mediates tumor elimination by immune effector cells
- eNRGy Trial enrolling and Early Access Program ongoing
- Expect to present data by the end of 2020



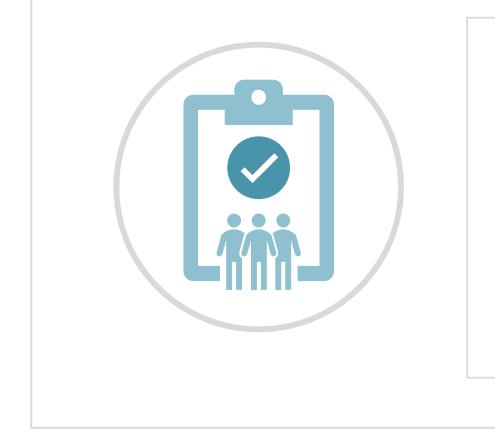




Source: Geuijen C et al. Cancer Cell (2018) https://www.cell.com/cancer-cell/fulltext/S1535-6108(18)30174-0#%20

Zeno Safety Profile for Single Agent Use

Safety Data in Over 100 Patients in Phase 1/2 Trials



8



OVER 100 PATIENTS EVALUATED* Zeno Dosing: 750 mg ranging from q1w-q3w

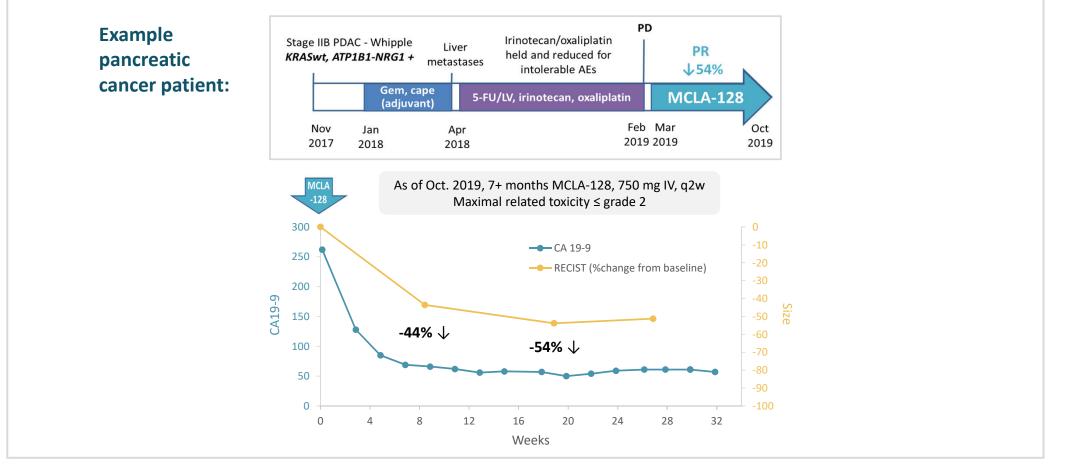
- Single agent well tolerated
- Low risk for immunogenicity
- Most AEs were grade 1-2

Data cut off: Jan-2019. Refer to https://merus.nl/publications/ for full data presented. Refer to ASCO poster 2018 and AACR-NCI-EORTC International Conference on Molecular Targets and Cancer Therapeutics 2019https://merus.nl/app/uploads/2019/10/AACR-NCI-EORTC_Poster-LB-B12_NRG1-MCLA-128_10252019_FINAL.pdf



Zeno Clinical Response in NRG1+ Cancers

Patient Data Presented at 2019 AACR-NCI-EORTC International Conference



Source: AACR-NCI-EORTC International Conference on Molecular Targets and Cancer Therapeutics 2019 https://merus.nl/app/uploads/2019/10/AACR-NCI-EORTC Poster-LB-B12 NRG1-MCLA-128 10252019 FINAL.pdf/

9

	PANCR	EATIC CANCER	LUNG CANCER	
Fumor size reduction	54% (PR)	25% (SD)	41% (PR)	
PET scan	Neg	Neg	nd	
Decline in tumor marker	~75%	~90%	N/A	
			,	
CR-NCI-EORTC International Conference on Morus.nl/app/uploads/2019/10/AACR-NCI-EORTC	Poster-LB-B12_NRG1-MCLA-	128 10252019 FINAL.pdf	~ 5*	
Duration of treatment (mo) CR-NCI-EORTC International Conference on Mo rus.nl/app/uploads/2019/10/AACR-NCI-EORTC Overall Ex	Diecular Targets and Cancer Th Poster-LB-B12_NRG1-MCLA- Contension Provide Action Provided Act	herapeutics 2019 128 10252019 FINAL.pdf Teno in NRG1+ Tumors as of (October 2019	
CR-NCI-EORTC International Conference on Mornal Conference on Morna	blecular Targets and Cancer Th Poster-LB-B12_NRG1-MCLA-	nerapeutics 2019 128 10252019 FINAL.pdf		

Merus

Zono Activity and Dromising Durability Observed in Detionts

10

Zeno Clinical Programs in NRG1+ Cancers

eNRGy Clinical Trial and Early Access Program Ongoing



- Phase 1/2 global single arm trial of Zeno in NRG1+ cancers
- Cohorts include Pancreatic, Lung, and other solid tumors
- Majority of clinical trial sites open and enrolling
- Ongoing Phase 1/2 trial update expected by the end of 2020





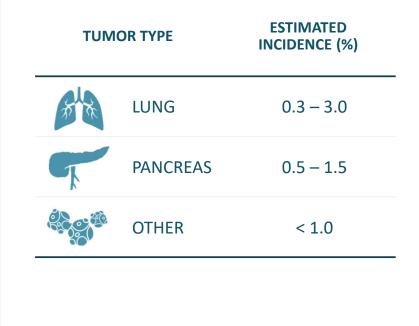


Early Access Program

- For eligible patients who do not enroll on the eNRGy trial
- Allows patients with NRG1+ cancers to receive treatment with Zeno
- Evaluations and patient follow up may be similar to eNRGy protocol
- May provide additional clinical data in support of Zeno NRG1+ program

Identifying and Recruiting NRG1+ Patients

NRG-1 Fusions are Found Across Multiple Solid Tumor Types



Comprehensive Effort to Identify and Recruit NRG1+ Patients **IDENTIFICATION COLLABORATION PLACEMENT** Patient testing and Physician, trial site Patient logistics / physician engagement engagement & support support for eNRGy campaigns 1-833-NRG-1234 trial or EAP www.nrg1.com **Early Access** eNR **Program**

Note: Projections of NRG1 Fusions occurrence (incidence) are based on limited published information, including Jonna S et al. Clinical Cancer Research (2019) and an independent epidemiology study of the prevalence of NRG1 gene fusion-positive ("NRG1+") cancers <a href="https://ir.merus.nl/news-release

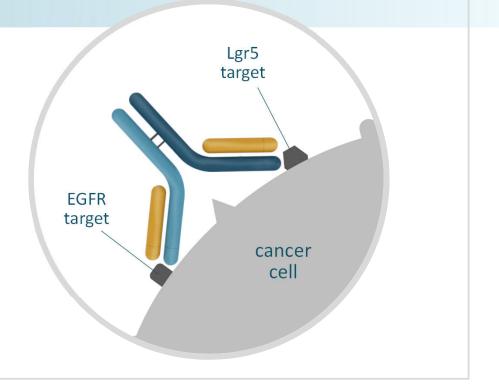


Designed to potently block signaling and growth in Wnt-dysregulated solid tumors

- Binds to EGFR and Lgr5, an intestinal cancer-initiating cell antigen
- Potential to address significant unmet need in colorectal cancers and a variety of other solid tumors
- Blocks growth in Wnt-dysregulated tumor models including Ras^{mut}
- Modifications to enhance ADCC
- Global phase 1 clinical trial enrolling

MCLA-158

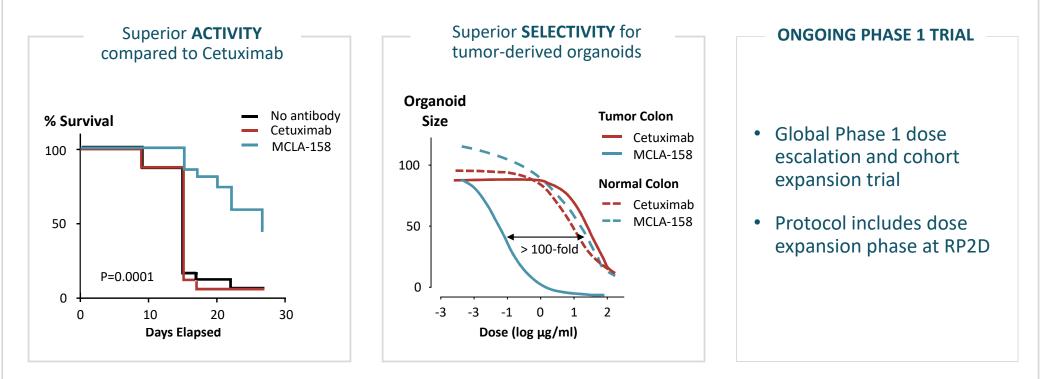
Lgr5 x EGFR bispecific





MCLA-158 — Novel Target and Innovative MoA

Superior Growth Inhibition and Selectivity of Tumor Versus Healthy Tissue



- Activity observed in xenograft models resistant to treatment with Cetuximab
- MCLA-158 discriminated between organoids derived from tumor and healthy tissue

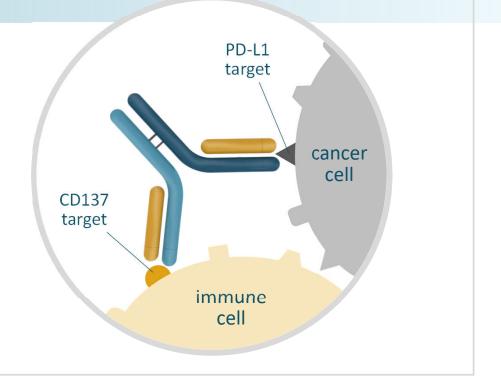


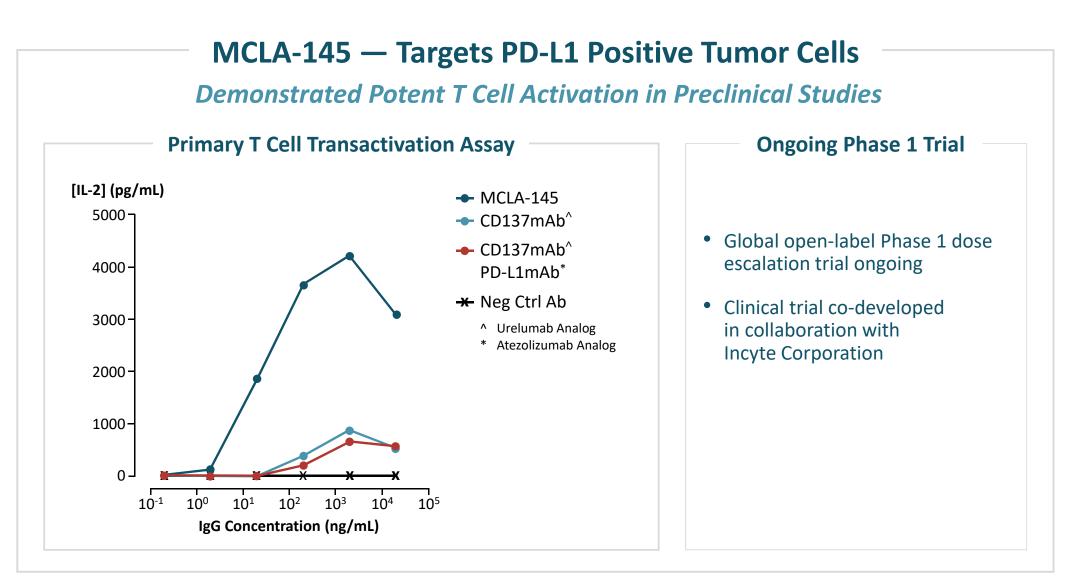
Designed to recruit and activate tumor infiltrating T-cells

MCLA-145 PD-L1 x CD137 bispecific

 Binds to PD-L1 on tumor cells and CD137 (4-1BB), a potent activator of tumor infiltrating T-cells, on activated T-cells

- Targeting to PD-L1 positive cells in the tumor and blocking the PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitory signal
- Potential in a variety of solid tumors and hematological malignancies
- Global phase 1 trial ongoing in collaboration with Incyte





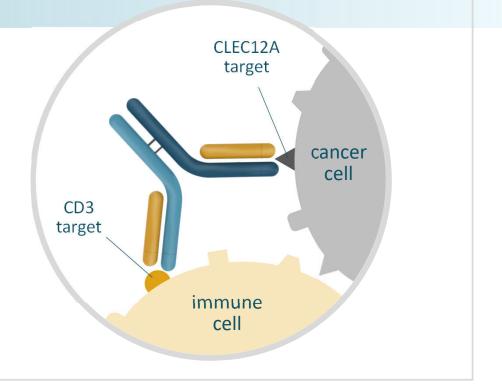
Source: 2019 AACR Presentation A bispecific Fc-silenced IgG1 antibody (MCLA-145) requires PD-L1 binding to activate CD137 https://merus.nl/app/uploads/2019/04/IC171-19E-AACR19-Mayes-MCLA-145-MoA-Poster_MT06 for-approval-032019.pdf

16

Interim phase 1 trial results of novel T-cell engager at EHA 2020

MCLA-117 CLEC12A x CD3 bispecific

- Designed with lower CD3 affinity binding to potentially reduce the risk of cytokine release syndrome
- Acceptable safety profile in clinical trial
- Active in acute myeloid leukemia (AML) with T-cell activation, cytokine elevation and AML blast reductions in some patients
- Insufficient clinical activity in escalation to continue to enroll dose expansion cohorts
- Findings from this trial expected to inform further development of our extensive proprietary T-cell engager platform

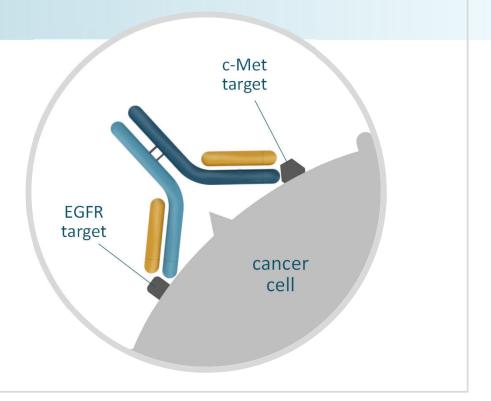


Designed to target lung cancer and other solid tumors

MCLA-129

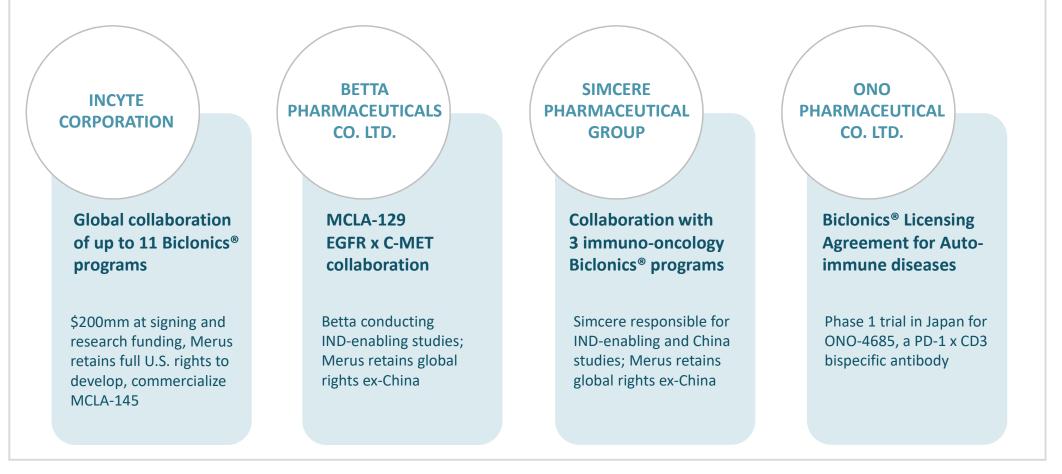
c-MET x EGFR Bispecific

- Targets both c-Met and EGFR on cancer cells as well as resistance mechanism
- Preclinical program directed at a targetpair combination with clinical validation
- Significant opportunity in lung cancer and other solid tumors



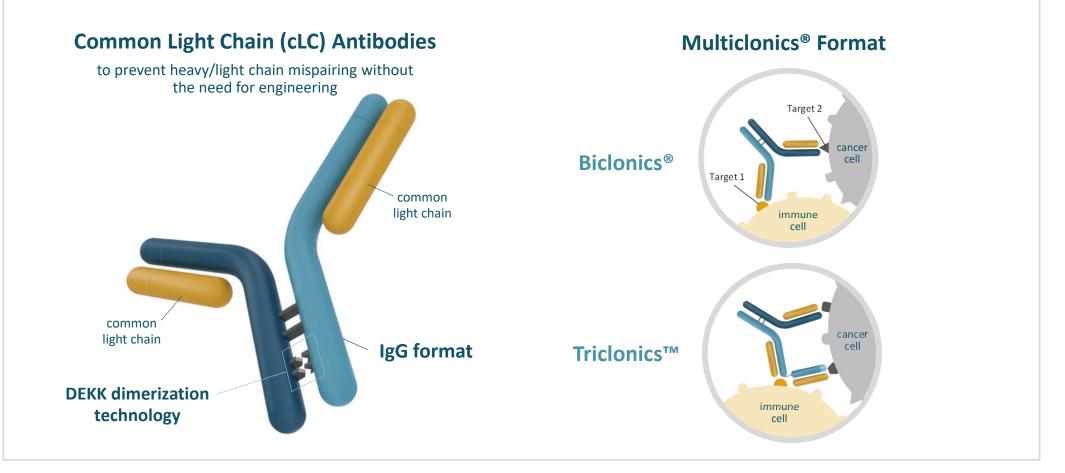
Merus Collaborations & Licensing Agreements

Expanding Merus pipeline through development of innovative therapeutics



Our Science — Multiclonics® Technology

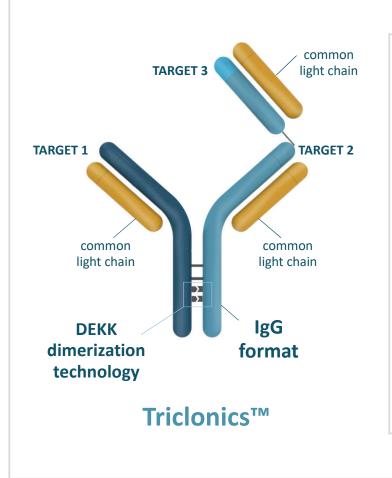
Leading the Next Generation of Multispecific Antibody Therapies



Our Research — **Triclonics™** and **Beyond**

•

•



Triclonics[™] Opportunity High throughput production, purification and screening in the trispecific format Stable format with predictable behavior that can be produced as if it were a normal monoclonal antibody • Allows for 3 specificities without the need to engineer each individual Fab Leverages Merus' extensive library of established antibody panels that bind tumor antigens and engage and modulate the immune system to explore combinations and novel biology

